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SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	Advances in Research
Manuscript Number:	2015_AIR_18166
Title of the Manuscript:	The Influence of Homogenisation Treatment on Aging Response of 6063 Aluminium Alloy
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of 'lack of Novelty', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer,
		correct the manuscript and highlight that part in
		the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors
		should write his/her feedback here)
Compulsory REVISION comments		
	INTRODUCTION:	
	1. Lines 22 to 28: I think that this text has been	
	obtained in some bibliographic reference. So I suggest	
	to include it.	
	MATERIALS AND METHODS	
	2. Lines 69 to 70: This is necessary to describe here	
	how many test samples were tested in each group (as-	
	received and heat treated samples)?	
	3. Lines 75 to 77: Although the authors have	
	specified the standards for strength and impact tests,	
	but it is necessary to show a figure with the geometry	
	and dimensions of the specimens, especially for the	
	charpy test.	
	3. Lines 80 to 82: This is necessary to describe here	
	how many measurements of microhardness were	
	performed on each sample?	
	RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	
	4. Lines 88 to 92: Figure 1 has been mentioned in the	
	text after the Figures 2 and 3. Also, better explain why	
	the obvious need to homogenize the as-received	
	samples, considering that it was not carried out in the	
	same microstructural analysis to identify possible	
	structural defects and second phases both undesirable.	
	In this sense, I recommend submit a micrograph of the	
	samples as rerecebidas to better justify the	
	homogenization treatment (See item 5 below).	

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5. Lines 99 to 102: Again need comparative	
micrographs (before and after treatment) to show the	
presence and removal of intermetallic phases. In this	
sense, I propose to show "arrows" such phases in	
Figures 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8.	
6. Lines 106 to 109: Which particles has been seen	
spheroidization (Si? Fe intermetallic phases?,?) In	
what figures they are characterized?	
7. Figure 1: Changing the scale of the X axis from	
minutes to hours.	
8. Lines 113 to 114: How to establish that there was	
an increase of precipitates density since they were not	
measured and quantified?	
9. Lines 117 to 122: The authors mention the	
presence and intermetallic Fe, but not present an	
analysis by diffraction of X-rays On the other hand, is	
shown in Figure 9 microanalysis by energy dispersive	
spectrometry (EDS), but it is not clear to me whether	
the points analyzed represent these intermetallic.	
10. Figures 1 and 7: The results of the graphs	
presented in Figures 1 and 7, which are for the resistance	
and impact tests do not represent reliable results due not	
present a statistical treatments. Note that we are	
demanding that the authors present the quantity of	
samples tested for each group. For thus, the results	
present a mean value, the minimum and maximum values	
measured.	

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Minor REVISION comments	In all case that appears Vickers hardness unit in HVN, I suggest change to HV. In the graphs of Figures 7 and 8, I suggest identifying the origin of samples: as received and heat treated.	
Optional/General comments	In order to better characterize the phases present, the micrographs of the microstructures must be submitted best explained. Featured with "arrows" on the inside of the figures are necessary to show the phases present. The results of the graphs presented in Figures 1 and 7, which are for the resistance and impact tests do not represent reliable results due not present a statistical treatments. Note that we are demanding that the authors present the quantity of samples tested for each group. For thus, the results present a mean value, the minimum and maximum values measured.	

Reviewer Details:

Name:	Anonymous
Department, University & Country	Brazil