



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	British Journal of Economics, Management & Trade
Manuscript Number:	2014_BJEMT_9516
Title of the Manuscript:	Assessment The Impact of Zakat on Aggregate Consumption and Poverty: Evidence from Egypt
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<u>Compulsory</u> REVISION comments	Literature review section is too long. Critically review the past literature instead of summarizing the past researches. Theoretical justification and assumptions of the included variables in the models is required.	1- The study focuses on aggregate consumption function for an Islamic economy, the role of Zakat in poverty reduction and the effect of Zakat on aggregate consumption function and poverty. One of the study's contributions is to develop the aggregate consumption for an Islamic community, so the study should provide a good background of all the three parts especially, for the consumption function. 2-Driving the aggregate consumption function for Egypt based on the theoretical framework discussed in the literature. I discussed this background through the related studies in literature review part and then concluded some important points in page 10, which are followed in driving the consumption for Egypt.
<u>Minor</u> REVISION comments	Some grammatical mistakes are observed in the literature review section. Statistical analysis rigor is missing to some extent.	I have corrected the grammatical mistakes, thanks



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<u>Optional/General</u> comments	This study cannot be generalized by the inclusion of only one Islamic country.	One contribution of this study is to construct / develop the aggregate consumption function. The consumption function provided can be modified to be suitable for any other Islamic economy. Majority of Islamic economies contain three categories: Zakat payer, Zakat receiver and neither Zakat-payer nor Zakat-receiver section.
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