



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	<u>British Journal of Medicine and Medical Research</u>
Manuscript Number:	2015_BJMMR_16302
Title of the Manuscript:	Clinico-Demographic Determinants of Depression among Infertile Women in a Tertiary Health Institution in Awka, Southeast Nigeria.
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<u>Compulsory</u> REVISION comments	<p>The respondents' socio-demographic characteristics should be described in the section Methods – Socio-demographic questionnaire; not in the part with the results.</p> <p>The following sentences should be revised, re-worded. The ideas should be stated in a clear scientific way: "Of the 96(100%) participants 31(32.3%), 49(51.0%), 6(6.3%) and 10(10.4%) had male, female, unexplained and combined factors infertility respectively. A significantly lower proportion 8(25.8%) of participants with male factor infertility were depressed ($P=0.001$), while a higher proportion 15(65.2%) with prolonged duration of infertility (>10yrs) were depressed ($P=0.003$)". "The prevalence of depression in our study, 39.5% is significant and agrees with similar studies in Poland 35.4%, Ile-Ife, Nigeria 43% and Ilorin, Nigeria 37.5".</p>	<p>The respondents socio-demographic characteristics is now described in the method section. Pages 3-4.</p> <p>The sentences revised and re-worded in a clear scientific presentation. Page 6.</p> <p>The prevalence of depression in our study is 39.5%. This agrees with that of similar studies in Poland 35.4%, Ile-Ife, Nigeria 43% and Ilorin, Nigeria 37.5%. Page 6.</p>
<u>Minor</u> REVISION comments	Please, format better the cell "age" in Table 1	Cell "age" in table 1 formatted. Page 12.
<u>Optional/General</u> comments		