



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	British Journal of Medicine and Medical Research
Manuscript Number:	2015_BJMMR_18101
Title of the Manuscript:	Ectopic prostate in the uterine cervix A Review of the Literature
Type of the Article	

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<u>Compulsory</u> REVISION comments	The theme of the paper is interesting. The case report is ok, the part A is ok, but I think the part B is too long. The description of the cases from different authors has many overlapping information and at some point it gets boring to read it all. I think it is better to summarize that information in a table, as the authors did in the last part of the paper.	The table has been included and as suggested by other reviewers the reference numbers have been increased to 17 to include other reported cases involving the vagina and vulva as well as animal studies so I am afraid part B has not been shortened and in my opinion should not be shortened.
<u>Minor</u> REVISION comments	There are some issues related to the language that should be corrected. Here are my suggestions for changes, in the order they appear on the text: Abstract: Background Men are known to have prostate glands but not women. Methods information obtained from 13 references was used for literature review on EPIUC. Results 82 years. EPIUC... reveals ducts and acini, some papillary... (remove: Immunohistochemical staining characteristics of) EPIUCs show positive immunohistochemical staining for... and high molecular weight keratin. Conclusions	Abstract Men are known to have prostate glands but not women has been substituted as suggested Methods Information obtained from 17 references was used for literature review on EPIUC/FGT Results Immunohistochemical staining characteristics of has been removed as suggested) Conclusions Clinicians should report cases of EPIUC/FGT in order to Key words Incidental and Cribriform have been removed as suggested



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	Clinicians should report cases of EPIUV in order to... Keywords: I would remove "incidental" and "cribiform" since they are not specific Introduction: I would write: While working in the Urology in-patient clinic, a female nurse stated that as a female, she would never ... Methods: Google scholar In total 13 references were ... Presentation: may mimic uterine fibroids Histopathologic findings (see...) Ectopic prostate in cervix stain positively Prognosis: The EPIUCs that have been reported so far have been B part: I suggest these changes, although a major review on this part is advisable. cervical lesion comprised a cluster of benign prostatic glands	Introduction This has been amended to state exactly what happened and led to author to check if a female could have ectopic prostate. The comments were made in the recovery ward after a TURP when a patient developed clot retention Methods In total 17 references were ----- [total has replaced in all] Presentation May mimic uterine fibroids has been used (s added) Histopathology findings (see ...) Ectopic prostate in cervix stain positively has been included as suggested and the redundant words removed) prognosis The EPIUCs/FGTs that have so far been reported B Changed to was comprised of Larraza-Hernandez some changes have been made as highlighted in yellow McCluggage [8] has been inserted
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	"Larraz-Henandez et al. [6] were of the opinion that ectopic prostatic tissue in the uterine cervix which could represent an embryonic rest could be confused with" - change for: They thought that ectopic prostatic tissue in the uterine cervix could represent an embryonic rest and be confused with "cervical mass, which initially was suspected to represent a fibroid ..." "papillary or cribriform patterns ..." ...With regard to clinical detail, McCluggage et al. [] stated that the patients were aged 21, 23, 25... (missing reference) 65 (vaginal case). (remove: years of age.) She had a LLETZ (not Lietz) procedure. microgynon 50 - should write the International common nomination, not the commercial brand. conisation biopsy - it is cone biopsy "Diagnosis of ectopic prostate in the uterine cervix can be confirmed by positive PSA.however, clinicians ..."	LLETZ procedure has been used Microgynon 50 (the international nomination has been inserted in bracket) Every one reading conisation biopsy would understand it is cone biopsy
<u>Optional/General</u> comments	I think it needs major review of part B	No major change is planned.