



SDI FINAL EVALUATION FORM 1.1

PART 1:

Journal Name:	British Microbiology Research Journal
Manuscript Number:	2013_BMRJ_7851
Title of the Manuscript:	Molecular Characterization of hepatitis B virus circulating in asymptomatic and symptomatic carrier in Côte d'Ivoire

PART 2:

FINAL EVALUATOR'S comments on revised paper (if any)	Authors' response to final evaluator's comments
Although the paper has improved scientifically, and even English usage has improved at some points, it is still NOT suitable for publication. Please check the manuscript with a native speaker! Some examples: Fig. 1: Nowhere participants are not living and are not from Côte d'Ivoire. What does it mean? This difference is probably due to the sample size. Quite unlikely, the authors use this explanation at many points. The male was dominant with "The male sex was dominant" , or "Males were dominant". Our results corresponding to those obtained by Ying-Huithat. Reference? Genotype E found in both categories of population was distributed in different proportions: In asymptomatic we had 18.5 % (10/54) genotype E against 24% (7/30) in asymptomatic in Soudan (2010). And In symptomatic we had 44.5% (24/54) against 46% (32/69) in Soudan. The difference would be explained by the different proportion of the two groups of population. This text makes no sense to me. Though truly, genotype E of HBV was significantly associated with clinical outcome, What does it mean?	The manuscript has been revised with a native to correct all the points.