



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	European Journal of Medicinal Plants
Manuscript Number:	2013_EJMP_6926
Title of the Manuscript:	Kaurenoic acid isolated from the root bark of <i>Annona senegalensis</i> induces cytotoxic and antiproliferative effects against PANC-1 and HeLa cells
Type of the Article	Research Paper

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<u>Compulsory</u> REVISION comments	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. In the introduction section, authors should site more references related to the cytotoxicity studies since there were already a lot of bioactivity studies of the kaurenoic acid. 2. In the cytotoxicity studies section (3.2), the values of IC₅₀ were too weak to be significant. In addition, the calculation results were not correct. Authors should check it. 	<p>The authors sincerely appreciate the comments.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Some of the references reporting cytotoxicity studies of kaurenoic are already included in the discussion section of the manuscript. 2. We have corrected the error in calculating the IC₅₀ values and the new values have been reflected in the entire manuscript.
<u>Minor</u> REVISION comments	This manuscript requires minor revisions regarding some typographical and grammar errors presented in the article.	
<u>Optional/General</u> comments	The present manuscript reported the evaluation of the anti-proliferative activity of kaurenoic acid isolated from <i>A. senegalensis</i> on selected cancer cell lines. There were a lot of similar studies and only MTT assay was performed in the present report. The compound identification is common and nothing new.	