



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	International Blood Research & Reviews
Manuscript Number:	2014_IBRR_15692
Title of the Manuscript:	Epidemiological and biological parameters of monoclonal plasma cell dyscrasias in thirty one patients consulting a Moroccan Pasteur Institute
Type of the Article	Research paper

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<u>Compulsory</u> REVISION comments		
<u>Minor</u> REVISION comments		
<u>Optional/General</u> comments	The subject of investigation in the current research paper is connected with important healthy problems, the diagnosis and subsequent of which main or even the real reasons is often difficult and/or incorrect, because of the common clinical symptoms, arising in difficult diseases, on the one hand, as well as of the multi-factor character of all those disorders, on the other. Taking in consideration all these features of the tested pathologies, the authors apply techniques of electrophoresis and immuno-electrophoresis for investigation the levels of markers, many of which are common for all these disorders, because of which they are planning to include some additional techniques, but also some updates, for a better determination of each concrete case. However, the tests, performed in the current study, are very important and valuable not only for determination of levels of the markers for the disorders investigated, but also for "catching" of some key problems (which is possible very often be the basis of the respective disorder(s)), in maximally early phase of the pathology development, which could	



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	allow maximally early and safe therapeutic strategies	
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Reviewer Details:

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