

SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	International Journal of TROPICAL DISEASE & Health
Manuscript Number:	2014_IJTDH_12016
Title of the Manuscript:	Blister and Bulla following Snake Bite in Nigeria: a prospective cohort study
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)

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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Compulsory REVISION comments		
Minor REVISION comments	-In the part "discussion" you give results. Either you give all results and let discussion after, or you call this part "results and discussion" and you discuss each result as you give. -The titles of figures and tables are not complete. For example in the figure, which picture is blister and which one is gongrena? For tables titles you should put the details of your sample. -Also you should put the reference of the pictures if it is not you who took them. -In table 2, what do you mean by the stars, is it significant? If so, there are IC which are not significant!! -Remark: in my point of view, the calculation of OR should be done only on patients bitten by viper since the blister is more associated with viper bites.	The journal instructions required tables to be placed in the text "It is suggested that the discussion about the tables and figures should appear in the text before the appearance of the respective tables" Corrections effected The pictures were taken by our team. The asterisk (*) refers to Fisher's Exact while the hash (#) refers to Wilcoxon Rank-Sum test. The corrections have been effected. The main aim of our study was to look at influence of blister/bulla on outcome regardless of the type of snake, as blister is also seen in night adder bite and also some species of cobras such as African spitting cobra.
Optional/General comments		