



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	International Journal of TROPICAL DISEASE & Health
Manuscript Number:	2013_IJTDH_8778
Title of the Manuscript:	URINARY SCHISTOSOMIASIS AMONG FULANI PASTORALISTS IN RIVERS STATE
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<u>Compulsory</u> REVISION comments	1. The authors concluded that urinary schistosomiasis is highly prevalent among the Fulani pastoralists in Rivers State. However, they did not provide any data about the prevalence rate of schistosomiasis in persons lived in River State other than Fulani pastoralists. It should be better to add these data from your studies or from other literature. 2. The authors did not describe whether persons with schistosomiasis in this study have apparent clinical symptoms or signs other than hematuria or proteinuria. How many patients with schistosomiasis in this study showed clinical symptoms or signs other than abnormal urinary findings?	The study was precisely and strictly on the Fulani pastoralists in Rivers State. However, the only recent documented prevalence in the State on Schistosomiasis in persons lived in Rivers State is that of Agi and Okafor [1] in epidemiology of <i>Schistosoma haematobium</i> in Odau Community in the Niger Delta Area of Nigeria, which have been included Hematuria and proteinuria are important indicators that are often used for assessment of level of schistosomiasis in an epidemiological studies, There were some clinical symptoms or signs but much attention was not given to it during the study, The researcher concentrate d on hematuria and proteinuria.
<u>Minor</u> REVISION comments	1. Line 49: "schisosomiasis" should be changed to "schistosomiasis"	schistosomiasis
<u>Optional/General</u> comments		