



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	International Journal of TROPICAL DISEASE & Health
Manuscript Number:	2014_IJTDH_15727
Title of the Manuscript:	Epidemiology of hepatitis C virus infection in Egypt; overt and occult
Type of the Article	Mini review Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Compulsory REVISION comments	The manuscript is comprehensive well written highlighting one of the major health problems in Egypt with increased morbidity & mortality among the affected population. But some comments as regard some data must be discussed (The prevalent genotype in Egypt is type 4 (73%)) it is well known that G4 not 73% but at least 90% (Abd elhamid et al 2007, Elzayadi et al 1994, Ray et al 2000 As regard Interfamilial transmission you don't mention any data about it n you must give some information about this item you can referred to recent study published by El-Bendary et al 2014(Epidemiological Aspects of Intrafamilial Spread of HCV Infection in Egyptian Population: A Pilot Study http://dx.doi.org/10.4236/ojgas.2014.45034) You must give short comment on the role of antiviral therapy offered by national programme to overcome this epidemic in Egypt?(you can refere to the review article(The current and future disease burden of chronic hepatitis C virus	The reference from which these figures are cited is "Zekri AR, Bahnassy AA, Shaarawy SM, Mansour OA, Maduar MA, Khaled HM, El-Ahmadi O. 2000. Hepatitis C virus genotyping in relation to neu-oncoprotein overexpression and the development of Hepatocellular carcinoma. J Med Microbiol 49:89-95". It has been placed in the manuscript. Variations in percentages may be due to variations in sample size, study population and/or method of testing. This manuscript is a minireview. Such issues are beyond the scope of its objectives



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	infection in Egypt by waked et al 2014 Arab Journal of Gastroenterology 15 (2014) 45-52 The epidemiology of HCV in children must be reformatted as the sentences is not well constructed.	The whole manuscript has been edited by a native English speaker.
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<u>Minor</u> REVISION comments	<u>Spacing of the sentence all over the manuscript must be considered:</u> Egypt whichcontains history of antischistosomalinjection HCV seroprevalenceis defined aselevated liver parenteralantischistosomal thisgenotype WestAfrica reportedacute hepatitis cases thecurrent campaignand Hospital-basedprocedures blood transfusionwas Surgicalprocedures HCVtransmission sexual transmissionplay found thatnone The latter canoccur either ofFarghalyet al. in 2014 whostudied <u>El-Raziky et al.</u>the font must be the same either italic or non italic Assiutsituated????? What this T1DM(no use of abbreviations without identification)	May be due to changing the file between word/PDF. Done. Done
<u>Optional/General</u> comments		