



SDI FINAL EVALUATION FORM 1.1

PART 1:

Journal Name:	International Journal of TROPICAL DISEASE & Health
Manuscript Number:	2014_IJTDH_13112
Title of the Manuscript:	CONVENTIONAL IDENTIFICATION AND ANTIBIOGRAM OF E. coli SEROTYPE O157:H7 IN ABUTH ZARIA
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

PART 2:

FINAL EVALUATOR'S comments on revised paper (if any)	Authors' response to final evaluator's comments
I am highly appreciated your efforts. Thanks. But I am really confused. It is difficult to understand. It was 50 samples, right now is 150 samples. It is very interesting study. Why blood and urine were taken? What I understand is that, 50 patients and 3 samples from each patient. Is it that? Blood samples were positive? What kind of cases? . EHEC is diarrheagenic E coli EHEC can cause haemolytic uremic syndrome. Study design?? Study objectives. To evaluate the presence of <i>E. coli</i> O157:H7 in Ahmadu Bello University Teaching Hospital (ABUTH) and also understand their antibiotic susceptibility profile?. How and what? The results: 60% of isolates were resistant to Ampicillin-Sulbactam and Amoxicillin-Clavulanic acid, while the resistance of Amoxicillin is only 40%????	

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