



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	<u>Ophthalmology Research: An International Journal</u>
Manuscript Number:	2015_OR_18295
Title of the Manuscript:	Sudden loss of vision associated with use of systemic non-steroidal anti inflammatory drugs.
Type of the Article	

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<u>Compulsory</u> REVISION comments	There is a well described retinal pathology: Valsalva Retinopathy that is a cause of preretinal hemorrhage, commonly in macular area. Mechanistically, it is thought that an acute rise in intrathoracic/intraabdominal pressure from closure of the glottis (Valsalva Maneuver) leads to an intraocular venous pressure increase and capillary rupture. The prognosis for Valsalva retinopathy is generally good. In my opinion is a Valsalva Retinopathy. You don't mention it in the differential diagnosis and is imperative an exhaustive anamnesis for rule out this type of maneuver as a cause of this episode and confirm this diagnosis. I don't agree with you that NSAID is the cause of preretinal hemorrhage in this case.	
<u>Minor</u> REVISION comments		
<u>Optional/General</u> comments		

Reviewer Details:

Name:	Anonymous
Department, University & Country	Venezuela